(b) if so, by when?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI I.D. SWAMI): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise, in view of (a) above.

Cases registered under Protection of Civil Rights Act

1580. DR. DASARI NARAYANA RAO: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the number of cases registered by SC, ST citizens under the Protection of Civil Rights Act and the SCs and STs (Prevention of Atrocities) Act in Andhra Pradesh during the last three years; year-wise;

(b) what was the pace of disposal of these cases;

(c) whether cases were tried by special courts; and

(d) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI I.D. SWAMI): (a) and (b) A statement showing incidence and disposal of cases under Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955 and Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 by Police and Courts in Andhra Pradesh during 1999, 2000 and 2001 is enclosed (*See* below).

(c) and (d) "Police and Law and Order" are State subjects as per entries 1 and 2 of the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution of India. The prevention, detection, registration, investigation and prosecution is primarily the responsibility of the State Governments. The figures as given in Statement are those given by Government of Andhra Pradesh to the National Crime Records Bureau for Crime in India report. The Special Courts for trial of cases have been set up in some States. However, information whether all the cases under the Protection of Civil Rights Act and SC/ST (Prevention of Atrocities) Act were tried by the Special Courts or some of the cases were tried by the ordinary courts is not collected by the National Crime Records Bureau.

Statement

Incidence and disposal of PCR Act and SC/ST Prevention of Atrocities Act in Andhra Pradesh during 1999, 2000 *and* 2001

Year	Cases reported	Cases declared false	Cases cheated	Cases in which final report submitted	Pending investigation at the end of year	Cases trial completed	Cases convicted	Cases acquitted	Cases pending trial at the end of the year
Protection of Civil Rights Act									
1999	273	52	244	1	75	230	99	131	315
2000	281	57	196	1	102	212	82	130	288
2001	338	147	199	2	91	230	62	168	259
SC/ST. Prevention of Atrocities Act									
1999	802	271	611	8	323	424	44	380	1022
2000	682	218	424	19	340	451	53	398	954
2001	1079	439	511	28	426	424	37	387	1016

Source: Crime in India

Note: Figures for 2001 are provisional

Institutions engaged in Disaster Management

1581. DR. ARUN KUMAR SARMA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the name of various national and international institutions engaged in Disaster Management in the country since 1996 indicating their location, mandate, achievement and future targets and financial involvement of Government; and

(b) the consensus arrived at various national level meetings and all party consultations by Prime Minister on Disaster Management indicating date-wise consensus, implementation status and targets set for its final take off?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI I.D. SWAMI): (a) It is primarily the responsibility of the States to be in the state of preparedness and provide relief to the people affected by disasters. The Central Government, however, supplements the efforts of the States by providing logistic and financial support in case of a disaster of severe nature, if the States are not in a position to deal with it with the resources available with them.